

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2003

Indiana

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2003 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
All industries including State and local government⁵		2,781.8	5.7	132.4
Private industry⁵		2,421.1	5.7	115.0
Goods producing⁵		735.7	7.4	52.9
Natural resources and mining⁵		15.3	5.7	0.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁵	11	11.9	5.7	0.5
Crop production ⁵	111	6.0	6.2	0.2
Mining⁶	21	6.6	5.8	0.4
Construction		144.8	6.3	8.3
Construction	23	144.8	6.3	8.3
Construction of buildings	236	39.6	4.7	1.7
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	16.3	6.6	1.1
Specialty trade contractors	238	88.8	7.1	5.5
Manufacturing		572.5	7.7	43.7
Manufacturing	31-33	572.5	7.7	43.7
Food manufacturing	311	31.7	9.0	3.0
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	3.8	11.9	0.5
Wood product manufacturing	321	19.9	14.4	2.8
Paper manufacturing	322	11.8	5.1	0.6
Printing and related support activities	323	20.0	3.4	0.6
Chemical manufacturing	325	33.1	2.9	1.0
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	44.2	8.8	3.8
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	15.8	9.1	1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2003 -- Continued

Indiana

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2003 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
Primary metal manufacturing	331	52.2	7.9	4.2
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	57.9	8.5	4.9
Machinery manufacturing	333	43.7	6.6	2.9
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	22.1	3.5	0.7
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	14.9	6.2	0.9
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	137.6	9.0	12.1
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	27.1	9.0	2.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	28.3	5.5	1.4
Service providing⁸		1,685.4	4.8	62.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		566.8	5.6	27.3
Wholesale trade	42	117.8	5.5	6.3
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	73.1	5.3	3.9
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	37.2	6.5	2.3
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	7.4	3.0	0.2
Retail trade	44-45	335.2	5.3	13.7
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	42.3	4.4	1.7
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	10.4	4.7	0.4
Electronics and appliance stores	443	10.3	4.9	0.4
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	29.8	8.1	2.2
Food and beverage stores	445	52.7	6.9	2.3
Health and personal care stores	446	20.7	3.0	0.5
Gasoline stations	447	25.6	2.8	0.6
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	21.9	2.1	0.3
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	14.2	3.9	0.4
General merchandise stores	452	75.9	6.9	3.9
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	21.7	3.8	0.6
Nonstore retailers	454	9.7	4.0	0.4
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	99.4	6.8	6.5
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	2.3	0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2003 -- Continued

Indiana

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2003 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
Truck transportation	484	47.2	7.4	3.5
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	3.3	6.0	0.1
Couriers and messengers	492	14.6	10.5	1.1
Utilities	22	14.4	5.4	0.8
Utilities	221	14.4	5.4	0.8
Information		40.8	3.1	1.1
Information	51	40.8	3.1	1.1
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	14.4	3.8	0.5
Motion picture and sound recording industries	512	3.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Financial activities		139.2	2.1	2.6
Finance and insurance	52	104.0	1.1	1.1
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	52.7	1.2	0.6
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	43.7	1.2	0.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	35.2	5.3	1.5
Real estate	531	21.9	5.3	0.9
Rental and leasing services	532	13.0	5.3	0.6
Professional and business services		253.9	2.8	4.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	86.2	1.5	1.2
Management of companies and enterprises	55	26.7	1.7	0.5
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	141.0	5.0	2.8
Administrative and support services	561	134.5	4.7	2.4
Waste management and remediation services	562	6.5	6.8	0.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2003 -- Continued

Indiana

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2003 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
Education and health services		336.0	6.0	15.8
Educational services	61	37.3	2.7	0.7
Health care and social assistance	62	298.7	6.4	15.0
Ambulatory health care services	621	99.6	3.0	2.3
Hospitals	622	95.9	7.8	6.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	64.9	10.4	5.5
Social assistance	624	38.3	4.1	1.1
Leisure and hospitality		270.8	5.0	8.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	44.5	4.3	1.2
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711	8.1	3.9	0.2
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	34.4	4.4	0.9
Accommodation and food services	72	226.3	5.2	7.2
Accommodation	721	20.8	4.1	0.6
Food services and drinking places	722	205.4	5.3	6.6
Other services		81.1	4.1	2.5
Other services, except public administration	81	81.1	4.1	2.5
Repair and maintenance	811	26.4	5.6	1.3
Personal and laundry services	812	27.0	3.8	0.8
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	27.7	2.5	0.4
State and local government		357.5	5.7	17.4
State government		91.6	4.9	5.2
Educational services	61	50.3	2.5	1.8
Local government		266.0	6.1	12.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2003 -- Continued

Indiana

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2003 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)
Service providing⁸		266.0	6.1	12.2
Educational services	61	143.9	4.8	4.9
Educational services	611	143.9	4.8	4.9
Public administration		78.1	6.6	4.2
Public administration	92	78.1	6.6	4.2

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as:
(N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers
(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System Manual*, 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and

nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Fewer than 50 cases.

¹⁰ Fewer than 15 cases.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.